

ALLIES' GAINS THREATEN GERMAN HOLD ON MINE FIELDS

made progress north of the Hap-paume-Cambrai road in the direction of Quent.

"North of the Scarpe our constant pressure compelled the enemy to yield further ground. We seized Vimy Station, La Chaudière and the enemy's positions at Fosse No. 6 and Baguet Mill, between Givenchy-en-Gohelle and Angres.

"The guns taken from the enemy in this area include four howitzers, eight-inchers.

"The ground gained in our recent operations now links up with the positions wrested from the enemy in the Battle of Loos and include the Double Crassier.

"The enemy attempted a raid east of Loos during the night, but was driven off.

GEN. HORNE COMMANDS BRITISH ON THE LENS FRONT.

Gen. Horne, who is considered the greatest artillery expert in the British army, and who assisted Gen. Nivelle in the successful attack by the French north of Verdun in December last, commands the British forces around Lens where, owing to the natural defenses composed of waste dumps around the mines, the artillery must largely be depended upon. Gen. Horne has on his right the army under Major Gen. E. H. H. Allenby, who has also gained new laurels in this war.

These Generals and their colleagues under Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig have accomplished since Monday a work which many military writers expected would occupy a great part of the summer, but thus far there has been no flag waving nor celebration in Great Britain.

The impression prevails that greater events will soon follow and that with the fall of Lens the relief of Lille will not be long delayed.

CANADIAN TROOPS SWEEP ON TOWARD STRONGHOLD AT LENS

British Make Gaps Four Miles in Length on That End of the Line.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES
FIELD, April 14.—Lens must fall soon to the Canadians. Its occupation is deemed only a matter of a very short time.

The Canadians continued irresistibly pressing on down the Vimy slopes, occupying Pett, Vimy, Givenchy and the Bailleul railway station.

"We've got Fritz where we want him now," observed one Canadian officer.

The British last night broke the German front for a distance of four miles in the Vimy Ridge sector. The Germans are in retreat.

Gaps in the German defenses were made in two places. Positions on a front of three miles between the double Crassier and Givenchy and another mile on the north flank of the Hindenburg trench system were captured. Advanced posts were pushed well toward Quent and Prouville, important points in the German defenses.

The Germans are fighting as they retire from Loos southward and are being hard pressed in the territory to the rear of the German lines continue. The weather to-day was favorable for campaigning.

FRENCH ARTILLERY BOMBARDS GERMANS SOUTH OF ST. QUENTIN

Stiff Fighting in the Champagne Region Marked by Successes, Says Paris.

PARIS, April 14.—Bombardment of German positions south of St. Quentin was continued all through last night by French artillery.

Following is the text of to-day's War Office report:

"South of St. Quentin our artillery continued to bombard the German positions. There was no infantry fighting during the night.

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night between the Somme and the Oise. Two German surprise attacks were broken up by our fire.

"In the Champagne the artillery fighting was very severe. On this part of the front we made numerous reconnaissances, bringing back prisoners. Near La Chaudière a German reconnoitering party attempted to reach our lines after a violent bombardment. It was dispersed and driven back to the German trenches."

The turning of the top of the Hindenburg line, to which attention is now officially called in the communiqués, has been an achievement of which the full importance has not yet been developed. The Germans, by the way, no longer call this line after Hindenburg, but know it as the Siegfried line. The switch to this line from Quent north, which, prisoners say, is not yet finished and not expected to be used except as a last resort, is known as the Wain line. The complete smashing of the Vimy Ridge seems to have somewhat upset the German plan, but they are evidently determined to put up the strongest possible defensive fight before falling back again.

BERLIN WAR OFFICE AGAIN CLAIMS REPULSE OF THE BRITISH TROOPS

"Attacks Failed Under Heavy Losses," Declares To-Day's Official Report.

BERLIN, April 14 (via London).—"Northwest of Arras and on the River Scarpe there was a pause in the fighting activity yesterday," says the official statement issued to-day by the German Army Headquarters Staff.

"On both banks of the River Somme," the German statement adds, "strong enemy forces again advanced against our St. Quentin position. The attacks failed under heavy losses, the British leaving three officers and more than 200 men in our hands."

"At Croiselles and Hullecourt, the British, after violent artillery fire, several times vainly attacked in a counterthrust. We inflicted considerable losses on the enemy."

"Since April the heart of St. Quentin has been bombarded with increasing violence by the enemy's artillery of all calibres and irrespective of the objects struck. The Palace of the Cathedral and the Town Hall already have been seriously damaged."

"From Soissons to Rheims the artillery of both sides is fighting at full strength."

"On the western front the enemy lost eleven machines on the 12th and twenty-four aeroplanes and four captive balloons on the 13th in aerial encounters."

WHAT ALLIED ARMIES HAVE GAINED IN FRANCE IN MONTH OF FIGHTING

Haig and Nivelle Have Recovered Territory Approximating 750 Square Miles.

During the last month the British and French troops have regained about 750 square miles of French territory.

In some places the British advance has reached forward twenty-two miles. This much was registered in the jump from around Estrees to Fresnoy-le-Petit, north of St. Quentin.

The line of the Hindenburg retreat was swung on two pivots around Lens on the north and around St. Quentin on the south. It is at these two pivotal positions that the greatest crises of the war are now being made—Haig and his British forces singly around Lens, Gen. Nivelle's forces co-operating with the British around St. Quentin and La Fere.

AMERICAN COMMISSION TO BE SENT TO RUSSIA

U. S. Will Offer New Government Help in Bringing Order Out of Chaos Left by Czar.

(From a Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)
WASHINGTON, April 14.—America is hurrying to help Russia. The State Department announced to-day that a special commission would go to Petrograd to assist the people of Russia in whatever ways were found practicable.

In playing the role of good friend it is not the purpose of the United States to participate in the formation of a new government for that country or to seek to influence its present provisional authorities in what kind of a system they shall set up. The help that we have to offer is essentially material and practical: it will take the form of money, supplies, trained organizers, engineers, railroad managers and whatever kind of help is most needed to bring order, system and efficiency out of the chaos left by the Czar's government.

Secretary Lansing had no information to give regarding the personnel of the commission. Ambassador Francis is regarded as a good man to be on the spot in Petrograd for this new kind of international co-operation.

Because of submarine perils in the Atlantic, definite news of the English and French commissions to Washington is withheld until after their arrival.

Former Assemblyman Buckley Dies.
MIDDLETOWN, April 14.—Frank Buckley, a former member of the Assembly, died at his home here to-day, aged seventy-seven years.

STATE TO DRAFT ARMY OF 100,000 READY FOR CALL

Single Men Between 25 and 35 to Be Called for Governor's Selection.

ALBANY, April 14.—Gov. Whitney is preparing to call for 50,000 or 100,000 men between the ages of twenty-five and thirty-five to fill the quota which New York State will be required to raise toward a national army of 500,000 or 1,000,000. These men, Mr. Whitney said, would be drafted under the State's Compulsory Military Service Law. Under this statute, which was enacted last year, the Governor may select the men needed for military service.

"We are facing a serious crisis and we must keep our feet on the ground," the Governor said. "There is no doubt of the patriotism of the men and women of this State, but we must not be carried away by the idea that the only place where patriotic service can be rendered is on the firing line. We must discourage precipitate enlistment. Very often a young man can give greater service to his country in the field or factory than in the trenches."

"I am in favor of compulsory service. That is the only way the forces of the State can be properly distributed. New York State's quota of the call, whether it be 50,000 or 100,000, will be selected not by a call for volunteers but under the existing laws, which provide for compulsory military service and which give the Governor the power to select whatever men are needed for service."

"It is our plan to take single men between the ages of twenty-five and thirty-five. We want to discourage so far as possible the enlistment of college boys and young men who are not sufficiently developed. That was the mistake England made."

The Governor said to-day that he hoped there would be no quibbling among the suffragists and the "Antis" over the matter of precedence in home defense activities.

"There will be enough for all to do," he promised.

To co-ordinate the work of all patriotic organizations, a Division of Standards and Methods has been organized in the Resources Mobilization Bureau of the Adjutant General's office.

BRITISH KING'S FAMILY IS ON SHORT RATIONS

Ruler, Queen and All Their Household Are Living Like the Common People.

LONDON, April 14.—Realizing the urgent need for economy, especially in breadstuffs, the King and Queen, together with their household and servants, adopted the scale of national rationing, it is announced, early in February.

SIX MORE AMERICANS KILLED IN BATTLE

Seven Added to the List of Wounded Fighting With the Canadians.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 14.—Six more American residents fighting with the Canadians have given up their lives fighting against Germany. Seven more are reported wounded in to-day's casualty list, including Lieut. A. Hightstone of St. Paul, Minn., who won the distinguished conduct medal. The dead are: Killed in action—Private A. J. Olson, Raynsville, Minn.; Private William G. Morris, Bay Port, Mich.; Corp. D. C. Lavolette, Rapid River, Mich.; Private E. Dodd, Green Castle, Ind.; Private P. Huff, Provo, S. D.; Sapper A. Laird, Los Angeles. Wounded: Lieut. A. Hightstone, St. Paul, Minn. (severely); Private E. Reynolds, Visalia, Cal.; Private F. E. Olson, Tacoma, Wash.; Private G. Spence, Richmond, Ill.; Private J. Huxon, Hayward, Wash.; Private W. H. Lockhart, Rochester; Private H. W. Collins, Kingsley, Mich.

GERMANS LOSING NERVE.

Writer in Berlin Paper Says This Is Shown by Many Letters.

AMSTERDAM, April 14 (via London).—"The military critic of the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin writes that he has received many letters which prove that the nerves of many readers are beginning to give way."

He dwells on the "unfounded" excitement which is spreading all over the country, and he warns the public not to judge the situation from single and isolated events as a whole into consideration.

Arrested in Pennsylvania Tunnel.
Found early to-day in the Pennsylvania Railroad tunnel between Long Island and Manhattan, a prohibited area, a man describing himself as John Conroy, fifty-six years old, of No. 100 Washington Street, was arrested by the military authorities. At the West Third Avenue Street Station he gave such a vague reply that an officer of Dr. O'Connell was sent to Bellevue Hospital for observation.

Eastman to Subscribe \$2,500,000 to War Loan.
ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 14.—George Eastman announced to-day his intention of subscribing \$2,500,000 to the proposed Government loan of \$5,000,000,000.

WHITNEY-BUSK WEDDING IS ADVANCED TO TO-DAY IN ST. JAMES'S CHURCH.



Miss Peggy Busk, bride.

Originally set for June 23, to-day will witness the marriage of Miss Peggy Busk, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Busk of No. 3 East Eighty-fifth Street, to Edward Allen Whitney, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W. Whitney of Augusta, Me. Mr. Whitney is a member of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps of the Harvard Regiment and so the earlier date was chosen. The ceremony will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon in St. James's Church.

BRITAIN TO SEND LABOR DELEGATES

Premier Lloyd George so Assures Samuel Gompers, Who Made the Request.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—British labor will be represented in the international commission soon to visit the United States to discuss American cooperation in the European war, according to a telegram from Premier Lloyd George received to-day by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor. The telegram follows:

"Delighted to comply with your request. Two labor leaders and representatives of welfare department of Ministry of Munitions will leave for America as soon as possible."

On April 2, Mr. Gompers sent a cablegram through Ambassador Francis at Petrograd to N. S. Chalkin, a member of the Russian Duma, assuring the Russian working people of the support of the workers of America and beseeching the masses of Russia to "maintain what you have already achieved and to practically and rationally solve the problems of to-day."

In a cablegram to the State Department Ambassador Francis acknowledged receipt of the greeting as follows:

"Gompers' cable delivered and given to the press. Think it excellent and will have good effect."

REPORTED GERARD WILL GO TO JAPAN

To Fill Post of Ambassador Temporarily, It Is Said—Secretary Lansing Silent.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Secretary of State Lansing refused to-day to confirm or deny an apparently well authenticated report that James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany, will be invited to fill temporarily the vacant post of American Ambassador to Japan. The Japanese mission has been vacant since the death of George V. Guthrie several weeks ago.

N. Y. SCHOONER SHELLED BY U BOAT, ABANDONED

Edwin R. Hunt Was Bound Home From Crete in Ballast—Crew of Eight Saved.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The American schooner Edwin R. Hunt of New York was abandoned by her crew under shell fire from a submarine near Cape Gata, Spain, in the Mediterranean, April 7, according to a dispatch to the State Department from Consul Gassett at Malaga.

Consul Gassett's message said: "American schooner Edwin R. Hunt of New York, Nicholas Miller master, with crew of eight, bound from Crete to New York in ballast, shelled by submarine at 4 A. M. April 7, forty miles off Cape Gata, ship abandoned by crew under fire, fate unknown. Crew all saved, brought to Almeria by Danish schooner Kona."

Ends Capital Punishment.
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 14.—Gov. Gardner has signed a bill which prohibits capital punishment in Missouri. The law becomes effective June 15.

BIDS ON 1,578,000 SHELLS REVEAL BIG CAPACITY OF PLANTS

Eleven Ready to Deliver From 100,000 to 500,000 Projectiles a Month.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Navy Department made public to-day bids received from twenty-five munition makers on an order for 1,578,000 shells of all calibres, the figures bringing out sharply the enormous capacity of American plants.

Eleven bidders each offered to absorb the entire order for 1,170,000 one-pounder projectiles, and within a few months to begin deliveries at the rate of from 100,000 to 500,000 shells a month. There were six separate proposals covering the entire order for 5,000 fourteen-inch shells. The bids also show a capacity to produce 30,000 six-inch shells, 2,500 fourteen-inch shells and about the same number of twelve-inch shells a month after the machinery is set in motion.

The Bridgeport Projectile Company bid on all classes of shells up to six-inch and showed a monthly output of 1,200 of the larger type and 100,000 one-pounder shells within a short time.

The Baldwin Locomotive Works could begin delivery of 14-inch shells within 100 days and turn out 500 a month thereafter. The Bethlehem Steel Company could deliver 700 big shells a month, beginning within a year, and within ten days could deliver 5-inch, 4-inch and 3-inch shells at a rate of 10,000 a month. The Washington Steel and Ordnance Company is prepared to deliver 100 liver 5-inch, 4-inch and 3-inch shells a month, and turn out one-pounder projectiles at a rate of from 3,000 to 5,000 a day thereafter.

BRITISH AGAIN SMASH TURKS IN MESOPOTAMIA

Defeated Forces in Retreat After Suffering Heavy Losses in Battle.

LONDON, April 14 (4.35 P. M.).—The Turks have sustained another defeat at the hands of the British in Mesopotamia. The War Office announces that the Turks are in retreat after a battle in which they suffered heavy losses.

The Turks were driven from their positions near Ghaltey, ten miles northeast of Delawah. [Delawah is thirty-five miles north of Baghdad.] They then withdrew toward Serajik and thence toward Dely Abbas. The British are pursuing the Turks.

On Wednesday the Turks lost 200 killed and 700 wounded.

The British won their victory by outgeneralling the Turks. They made a strategic retreat, drawing the Turks after them, and followed this by a night march which enabled the British to fall on the Turks from the flank and put them to rout.

This announcement indicates that the British have wrecked the plan of the Turks to halt the invading armies which have been sweeping forward without serious interruption for several weeks. An official British statement on Tuesday said the Turks were preparing a converging movement against the British between the Adhem and Dalia Rivers. It is in this region that the fighting now reported occurred.

SEARCH TUBE PASSENGERS AT STATIONS IN JERSEY

Guards Force Opening of All Packages and Suit Cases Before Admitting Bearers.

Passengers entering the stations of the Hudson tubes at Hoboken, Erie Station and Jersey City to-day were subjected to sharp scrutiny by the men guarding the tunnels. Every one with a package or a suit case was compelled to open it for inspection.

At the offices of the Hudson and Manhattan Railroad Company it was stated that the guard had not been requested but that the move was approved as a good precautionary measure. It was admitted that many commuters had complained because they had been forced to open packages for the guards.

D. A. R. BATTLE ON AGAIN.

Four Women Seek Presidency and Campaigners Fill Hotel Lobbies.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The annual battle for Presidency of the D. A. R. is on. Three hotel lobbies are filled with women—gathered in groups of from three to twenty—campaigning.

There are four candidates. Mrs. George Thatcher (widow of Kansas), Mrs. John Miller Horton of New York, Mrs. J. Hamilton Lewis of Illinois and Mrs. Geo. L. Squire.

New York Man Dies at 105; Had 183 Descendants.
MALONE, N. Y., April 14.—Moses Russell, oldest man in Northern New York, died to-day at the age of 105. He was born in Montreal in 1812. He had thirteen children, eighty-five grandchildren, seventy-one great grandchildren and fourteen great great grandchildren.

\$7,000,000,000 WAR LOAN PASSES THE HOUSE TO-DAY

(Continued from First Page.)

prepared to do much with our navy, not because we have no navy, but because of lack of an opportunity to use it. But there is one way we can engage in the war. That is to help finance those who are fighting our enemies.

"This proposed appropriation is for \$7,000,000,000. I doubt not that before a year that amount will be doubled. Let us hope that we can end the war by extending our credit. Our highest duty is to give to the men who are fighting our enemies. I hope and pray that aid thus given will be effective enough to end the war before we send our boys into the trenches."

Representative Madden of Illinois said the loan was the only way in which the United States could act promptly and effectively at this time. "For God's sake let's get into action," he cried, "either through the army now in the field or in our own army, and everybody knows we can't get an adequate army in the field. The time for talk is past and the time for action is here."

There was much opposition to a proposal by Representative Madden of Pennsylvania to limit the maturity of the issue. All the leaders spoke for leaving that to the discretion of the President or the Treasury Department.

Representative Cannon of Illinois said that personally his sympathies would be more with Russia than with the other Governments among the allies, because while other great powers during the American Civil War wavered as to interference in behalf of the Southern Confederacy, Russia sent her fleet to New York and by its presence aided the preservation of the Union.

The Moore proposal to provide redemption in fifty years was rejected on a viva voce vote.

An amendment by Representative Kitchen was adopted providing that not only that part of the \$5,000,000,000 bond issue first offered to the public should be at not less than six per cent, but the portion not subscribed for which the Secretary of the Treasury may otherwise dispose of shall be at not less than six per cent.

A proposal by Representative Howard of Georgia to write into the bill a provision for the establishment of a corps, including courses leading to a college degree, was defeated on the ground that it should be left to the Treasury Department.

ARCHIE ROOSEVELT WEDS.

Date Set Ahead Because He Expects Early Call to Colors.

BOSTON, April 14.—Archibald B. Roosevelt, son of Col. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, and Miss Grace S. Lockwood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas S. Lockwood, of this city, were married to-day in Emmanuel Episcopal Church by Rev. Elwood Worcester, the rector. Among those attending the ceremony were Col. and Mrs. Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Kermit Roosevelt, Jr. and Mrs. Richard Barry, daughter of Mrs. Roosevelt.

The date of the wedding was set forward because of the destruction of an early call to the colors by Mr. Roosevelt, who is a member of the officers' reserve corps at Harvard University.

ANSWERS RUSSIA'S LAWSUIT.

Tennessee Copper Company Denies Liability for \$1,400,000.

Denying responsibility for the explosion of a fire which destroyed a portion of its plant on March 20, 1916, the Tennessee Copper Company to-day filed its answer to the suit of the Russian Government to recover \$1,400,000 on an unfilled munitions contract. The company's answer, which is interested in the contract as a bondsmen, also filed answer.

The company denies that the money which the Russian Government is seeking to recover was used in making alterations to the plant and in the manufacture of the explosive under contract. It insists that the destruction of the plant resulted from negligence, and that therefore the Russian Government was a virtual partner in the loss and entitled to no recovery.

WHEAT STILL GOING UP.

May Touches 2.25-3.4, but Closes at Yesterday's High Figure.

CHICAGO, April 14.—Wheat jumped to-day to new high price levels. Realizing sales by holders developed somewhat on the market, but left only moderate reactions in values. Opening quotations, which ranged from 1-1/2 to 3-1/2 higher, were followed by a general steep upturn on which May touched 2.25-3.4. It closed at 2.25, yesterday's highest figure.

Corn, like wheat, ascended to new top records. It was scarce. After opening unchanged to 1-1/2-2-1/2, the market scored decided gains all around.

Teutons Hope for Anarchy in Russia.
PETROGRAD, April 14 (via London).—Regarding the Roumanian front, the Russian statement says to-day:

"A number of Austrian officers and soldiers who deserted declare the Austrians and Germans are hoping that the various organizations in the interior of Russia which at the moment are obstructing the operations of the Provisional Government will bring about a state of anarchy throughout the country and demoralize the Russian army."

MINERS' DEMANDS PUT UP TO JOINT SUB-COMMITTEE

Operators and Men Seem Near Agreement—Union Members for Heavy Tax on Absentee Landlords

At the third session of the bituminous coal conference of the central competitive field in the Hotel Me-Alpin to-day, the operators and members of the Miners' Union voted to appoint a sub-committee of sixteen to thrash out the amount of increase in wages that the operators should grant. This seemed to clear the way for some definite action early next week.

Several of the State delegations of operators have already offered a 10 per cent. wage increase in place of the increase of from 20 to 33 per cent. asked for by the miners. The miners believe the operators are prepared to increase this offer and the operators are of the opinion that the miners will be satisfied with less than they have asked for.

The miners went into executive session this afternoon to select their representatives on the sub-committee. They also adopted resolutions urging upon Congress that the cost of the war be paid along the lines advanced by the American Committee on War Finance and calling for a tax on land so high that it would do away with absentee landlordism.

RULES ON WAR SERVICE DRAFTED BY COLLEGES

Selective Conscription One of the Recommendations of New York State Committee.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., April 14.—Announcement was made by President Henry Noble Macracken of Vassar College to-day of the recommendations made by a committee of the New York State Association of Colleges and Universities for uniform war service. The recommendations follow:

That the colleges and universities of the State establish one or more units of the reserve officers' training corps, including courses leading to a college degree, and to a college degree.

That the principle of universal obligation to service be applied by a process of selective conscription.

That members of graduating classes accepted for military training be granted their degrees without special examination.

That absence by reason of enlistment of military service shall not prejudice the award or the intention of university scholarships.

That the Council for National Defense appoint a commission which shall outline an appropriate policy for women students.

MISS HAUPTNER NAVY BRIDE.

Will Be Wed to Lieut. Brucknerhoff This Evening.

New York adds one more to the growing number of Navy brides with the wedding this evening of Lieut. Walter Woodcock Brucknerhoff, U. S. N., and Miss Florence Greger Hauptner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hauptner of this city.

Lieut. Brucknerhoff is attached to the Coast Defense Reserve. The wedding takes place at 5 o'clock at the Fourth Presbyterian Church. The Rev. Dr. Edward Whitcomb officiates. The bridegroom is Miss Gertrude Louise Gilbert and the best man Maurice J. Swetland.

RUIN IF SPAIN ENTERS WAR.

Chamber of Deputies Head Tells Why Country Must Be Neutral.

MADRID, April 14.—The newspaper El Dia, in an interview to-day with President Villanueva of the Chamber of Deputies, quoted him as declaring:

"Graver circumstances make it more necessary to maintain neutrality. Intervention in the war would ruin Spain. The King, the people and the army would rise against it."

AMERICAN CHINESE QUIT VIENNA TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Charges Grew cables from Vienna that he and the other members of the American Embassy staff and the consular officers in Austria-Hungary, with their families, will leave to-day for Switzerland.

Ball of Postal Employees.
The Postal Employees' Mutual Aid Association of Greater New York and vicinity will give its twenty-second annual entertainment and ball next Tuesday night at the Casino de France, River Park. A big vaudeville bill will start at 8:15 and dancing at 11 o'clock. The proceeds will go to the mortuary fund.

Mother and Son Killed in Auto Accident.